Reading Guide for:

"Progressive Freedom" chapter 7 of *The Story of American Freedom* by Eric Foner

<u>CQ#4</u>: How successful were the Progressives? What did they achieve? What were the major obstacles to Progressivism?

Instructions: Consider the following prompts to help you focus your reading.

According to Foner,

- 1. Why did reformers prefer to speak of democracy rather then freedom?
- 2. What was the essential question of Progressivism?
- 3. Who were the Progressives?
- 4. Why and how did understandings of economic freedom change in the Progressive Era?
- 5. What is the difference between "wage slavery" and "slave wages?"
- 6. What was the "American Standard of Living?"
- 7. What made consumerism possible on a truly national scale?
- 8. How did new notions of economic freedom manifest in advertising?
- 9. How did new notions of economic freedom affect politics?
- 10. What did "one progressive commentator" mean when s/he referred to the federal government as "a moral agent?"
- 11. How did Progressive Herbert Croly synthesize Jeffersonian and Hamiltonian visions of American government?
- 12. What did T.H. Green mean when he argued that "freedom was a positive concept, a matter, ultimately, of power"?
- 13. What did an enlarged and empowered government mean for the boundaries of political freedom?
- 14. What is maternalist reform?
- 15. Why were mother's pensions supported by both egalitarian and difference feminists?
- 16. What specific goals did the socialist party have in 1912?
- 17. Compare Wilson's "New Freedom" to Roosevelt's "New Nationalism."
- 18. How did TR's "campaign [help] give freedom a modern social and economic content and [establish] an agenda that would continue to define political liberalism for much of the rest of the century?"